# Top Four Pull Away in the 4NCL

The 4NCL returned in mid-January to its now regular venue of Hinckley Island. Lest any reader has formed an image of an inspirational idyll surrounded by water, the reality is that the 'island' is one surrounded by roads, the A5 and the M69. Thankfully that rarely prevents plenty of exciting and even creative chess taking place in the Barcelo hotel.

Rounds 3 and 4 saw the big three – defending champions Guildford, regular winners Wood Green, and rising challengers Cheddleton – begin to pull away from the rest of the teams. Indeed, Cheddleton and Guildford I now sit comfortably at the head of Pool A, with Wood Green I and a certain Guildford II leading the way in Pool B. Whether it is right that a second team can play such a pivotal role has long been a debatable issue in the 4NCL (it wouldn't be allowed in many leagues, e.g. the German Bundesliga), but one can rest assured that Guildford II vs. Wood Green I will be the clash of the fifth round. Will there be a non-grandmaster in sight?

Guildford I disposed 6½-1½ of Blackthorne Russia, who were missing our regular correspondent Simon Ansell, before taking out Barbican II 6-2. Any team which can field Nigel Short on board 3 and Mark Hebden on 5 must be pretty strong, and both scored 2/2, but even Guildford aren't immune to the odd upset, with Gawain Jones making an uncharacteristic blunder against Danny Gormally, while Dagne Ciuksyte was outplayed by England team-mate Kanwal Bhatia. Romain Edouard, however, scored a couple of powerful victories, of which the following was particularly impressive.

#### R.Edouard-A.Hunt

Guildford I vs. Blackthorne Russia King's Indian Defence

#### 1 d4 公f6 2 c4 g6 3 f3 호g7 4 e4 d6 5 公c3 0-0 6 호e3 신c6 7 신ge2 a6 8 쌜d2 필b8 9 필c1!?

First played by Averbakh, it took a long time for this approach to catch on. However, it is now popular at grandmaster level and arguably the critical test of the Panno set-up.

9... 2d7 10 0d1



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DIV 1A	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	GP	Pts
1 Cheddleton 1	**			7-1	5-3	6-2		61/2-11/2	241/2	8
2 Guildford 1		**	51/2-21/2		6-2	6-2	61/2-11/2		24	8
3 Grantham Sharks 1		21/2-51/2	**			41/2-31/2	5-3	6-2	18	6
4 Oxford 1	1-7			**	4½-3½		2½-5½	6-2	14	4
5 Wood Green HK 2	3-5	2-6		31/2-41/2	**			6-2	141/2	2
6 Barbican 4NCL 2	2-6	2-6	31/2-41/2			**	5½-2½		13	2
7 Blackthorne Russia		11/2-61/2	3-5	51/2-21/2		2½-5½	**		12½	2
8 Kings Head 1	11/2-61/3		2-6	2-6	2-6			**	71/2	0

D	IV 1B	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	GP	Pts
1	Wood Green HK 1	**			8-0	6-2	5½-2½	6½-1½		26	8
2	Guildford 2		**	6-2			4½-3½	7-0	61/2-11/2	24	8
3	Barbican 4NCL 1		2-6	**		4½-3½		6-2	5½-2½	18	6
4	e2e4.org.uk 1	0-8			**	2½-5½	51/2-21/2		41/2-31/2	12½	4
5	White Rose 1	2-6		31/2-41/2	5½-2½	**	31/2-41/2			14½	2
6	3Cs 1	2½-5½	31/2-41/2		2½-5½	4½-3½	**			13	2
7	Cambridge University 1	11/2-61/2	0-7	2-6				**	5½-2½	9	2
8	Grantham Sharks 2		11/2-61/2	21/2-51/2	31/2-41/2			2½-5½	**	10	0

#### 10...e6

The Woodbridge teacher and dangerous IM counters White's flexible approach with some flexibility of his own. Black has also been known to try:

a) 10...e5?! looks natural, but White is in time to unravel his strangely placed pieces and take over: 11 d5 2e7 12 2f2 2e8 13 g3 c5 14 b4 b6 15 2g2 f5 16 0-0 2f6 17 2b1 was pleasantly better for the first player in Rowson-Arakhamia Grant, British Championship, Scarborough 2004 – see the September 2004 *CHESS*.

b) 10...b5 11 c5 reveals one of White's main ideas, but after 11...\(\beta\)e8!? 12 \(\Delta\)f2 (12 d5 \(\Delta\)e5 13 c6?! isn't so effective: 13...\(\Delta\)c8 14 \(\Delta\)f4 e6 sees Black breaking to take over the centre) 12...dxc5 13 \(\beta\)xc5 e5 14 d5 \(\Delta\)e7 15 \(\Delta\)d3 c6 Black enjoyed decent counterplay in Caruana-Jones, European Championship, Plovdiv 2012.

#### 11 �f2 b5 12 c5 ≌e8 13 �d3 b4

Seizing space like this fails to give Black enough counterplay, but perhaps he's already worse in any case. Indeed, the 13...e5 14 d5 2d4 of Zaja-Armanda, Sibenik 2009, also looks in White's favour after, say, 15 2b4.

14 g3 a5 15 ≜g2 ②e7 16 0-0 ≜b5 17 ≌fd1



White's early manoeuvres were time-consuming, but his position now presents a model of harmony and Hunt is unable to find a good plan.

#### 17... 4 d7 18 b3 4 c6 19 h3 dxc5

White would have enjoyed a free hand to gradually expand on the kingside after 19...d5!? 20 e5 f6 21 f4 f5, but perhaps this was the lesser evil.

20 ፟②xc5 ፟②xc5 21 ॾxc5 ዿxe2?

26 March 2014

A serious misjudgement. 21.... 全f8 22 當c2 全g7 23 當dc1 營d7 24 f4 looks pretty nice for White, but much better this for Black than grabbing a pawn.

# 22 wxe2 2xd4 23 wc4 e5 24 f4 we7 25 2xd4 exd4 26 e5

Black is a pawn up, but White will win it back and continues to dominate the board. That may sound obvious, but Edouard had to correctly assess this position back on the 19th move.

#### 26... Zed8 27 Zxc7 Ye6

There was nothing better than this plan of trading queens, hoping that the opposite-coloured bishops would offer some drawing chances.

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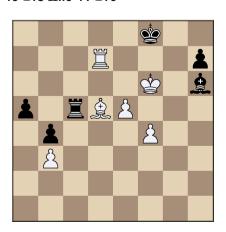
#### 32 &f1!

Further fine judgement from Edouard. Black will regain his pawn, but only while White improves his coordination. Moreover, never forget that opposite-coloured don't spell an easy draw when other pieces are present, but rather their presence favours the attacking side.

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37 會4! would have been even more precise, keeping the black rook out of play: 37...h5 (or 37...草c3 38 兔xf7+ 全f8 39 兔c4 萬xc4+ 40 bxc4 b3 41 萬b7 a4 42 c5 when only White's pawns are running) 38 萬xf7 身f8 39 e6 and the e-pawn will cost Black his bishop.

# 37... \( \bar{2} \) c3 38 \( \dag{2} \) xf7+ \( \dag{c} \) f8 39 \( \dag{d} \) \( \bar{2} \) c5 40 \( \dag{c} \) \( \dag{b} \) 6 41 \( \dag{c} \) f6



It may be an endgame, but that doesn't mean that one can't attack.

# 41...\$\document\$e8 42 \boxed{\boxed}d6 \boxed{\boxed}\delta c8 43 e6! \document\$\document\$\delta xf4 44 \div c6+ 1-0

Cheddleton's average rating of 2426 was somewhat lower than Guildford's 2568 and Wood Green's 2487, but they are a combative team, as could be expected from one containing the likes of Keith Arkell, Jonathan Hawkins and Elizabeth Paehtz. Moreover, they were more than strong enough for King's Head, who were brushed aside 6½-1½, and Wood Green II, who were a little weaker than one might have expected and went down 5-3. Exploiting the unfortunate demise of Jutes of Kent, Cheddleton have picked up Simon Williams and, as so often, the Ginger GM's games entertained.

#### **S.Williams-S.Spivack** Cheddleton vs. King's Head

Nimzo-Larsen Attack

#### 1 b3 e5 2 ≜b2 ②c6 3 e3 ⑤f6 4 ≜b5 ≜d6 5 g4!?

Typical Williams, countering Black's 21st century set-up with another modern idea and a move which is arguably Simon's favourite pawn advance. Instead, the futuristic main line runs 5 公a3 公a5, while here 5...e4 6 公e2 全e5 7 營c1 營e7 8 全xc6 dxc6 9 公c4 全xb2 10 營xb2 全e6 11 公g3 0-0-0 12 營a3 營xa3 宣d6 14 f3 宣hd8 15 0-0-0 gave White an edge which he eventually and instructively converted in Nakamura-Jones, London (rapid) 2013.

#### 5...a6

This feels sensible, since an exchange on c6 would develop Black's dormant bishop. Williams prefers to undertake something of a whacky fianchetto.

#### 6 &f1 &e7

#### 7 q5 🖺 e4 8 h4

White has been provoked, but Black too can fight on the kingside.

#### 8...h6!? 9 d3 🖄 d6 10 🚉 g2!



Simon Williams, playing in typically creative and route-one fashion.

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#### 10...hxg5?!

It's always risky to grab pawns against Williams. Moreover, there was nothing wrong with the sensible 10...必f5 followed by ...d5.

#### 11 hxg5 罩xh1 12 总xh1 总xg5 13 營h5 总h6 14 公c3 公b5

By placing his knight on d6, rather than c5, the strong Middlesex amateur has got into a bit of pickle. Spivack elects to have the knight sulk on a7 instead, but even

14... 響 5 15 響 h 2 would have left White with good compensation, as shown by the possible continuation 15... f 6 16 0-0-0 公 f 7 17 公 d 5 曾 d 8 18 f 4!.

#### 15 4 d5 d6 16 a4 ba7 17 e2 e e7

Spivack's play has certainly been extremely principled. Now one might expect White to push his f-pawn in a bid to open lines for his dark-squared bishop, but Williams prefers not to exchange and throws his knight even further into the fray.

18 �f6+!? �f8 19 ᡚq3 c6 20 ᡚqe4





White Rose captain Paul Townsend came extremely close to defeating GM John Shaw.

#### 20...∕∑d5?

Williams excels in those chaotic, unusual positions where most find themselves rather groping about in the dark. Indeed, Spivack overlooks a tactic, rather than grab hold of the kingside and mount a fairly sturdy defence with 20... ♠f5 21 ♠g4 g6 22 ∰h2 ♠q7.

#### 21 2xd5 cxd5 22 2xd6!

Oh dear. The knight is taboo due to \@a3.

#### 22... ge6 23 公xb7 學b6 24 公c5

White is not only a pawn up, but Black's position is in tatters. Just compare the difference between the two sides' minor pieces.

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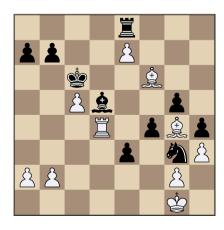
Black has tried to thrash, but by now might have thrown in the towel rather than overlook a further blow.

#### 30...**₩h3? 31** ℤh4

Even more clinical would have been 31 盒g2, but in any case Black is doomed. 31...豐xh4 32 豐xe6+ 當f8 33 豐xc8+ 當e7 34 豐b7+ 當f8 35 豐b8+ 當e7 36 豐e5+1-0

Over in Pool B, Wood Green were headed up by Cardiff University student David Howell, with captain Andrew Greet also able to draw on the services of his Quality Chess colleagues, Jacob Aagaard and John Shaw. The result: a perfect 8–0 against e2e4 and a comprehensive 6–2 demolition of White Rose. The author of that recent labour of love, *The King's Gambit*, was involved in two wild games, having to fight with a queen and two pawns against three pieces to eventually overcome Tomer Eden before saving a tricky looking endgame the next day.

# **J.Shaw-M.P.Townsend**Wood Green vs. White Rose



After many adventures in this extremely unbalanced game, Shaw has just blundered (with 41 \( \mathbb{Z} \)c4-d4), and allowed a nasty blow.

28 March 2014

#### 41 f31

A neat, little interference tactic. White is forced to give up the exchange to halt the black pawns.

#### 42 gxf3 ∅e2+ 43 혛f1 ∅xd4 44 ≜xd4 Ïxe7 45 b3



#### 45...e2+

This restricts the white king, but does also tie down Black's rook, so we should check too the alternatives:

a) 45...堂b5 46 堂e2 鱼e6 47 鱼xe3 鱼xg4 48 fxg4 堂b4 attempts to generate a passed pawn on the queenside, but White has sufficient counterplay after 49 堂d3, and if 49...區e5 (49...區xe3+50 堂xe3 a5 51 堂e4 堂a3 52 堂f5 resolves to a draw) 50 鱼d4

b) 45... \$e6!? (simplifying Black's task and a move underpinned by the point 46 **호f6? 罩f7) 46 営e2 호xq4 47 fxq4 営d5 48** 鱼xe3 罩e6 has similar aims and may be 當f3 罩e5 50 身f2 is an attempt to avoid what follows, but Black can gradually edge forward, such as with 50...a6 51 &e3 a5 52 **gf2 gc6** 53 **ge3 gb5** when he appears to be just in time in a line like 54 2d4 Ïe1! 55 &e3 Ïh1 56 ⇔g2 Ïa1 57 a4+ \$b4 58 \$xg5 \$xb3 59 \$xh4 \$xa4 60 호f6 할c4 61 h4 할xc5 62 할q3 할d5) 49... Za6 50 & xq5 Zxa2 51 & xh4 Zh2 52 호e7 罩xh3+ 53 含c2 罩e3 54 호f6 含xc5 55 score and may be able to gradually engineer a breakthrough on the queenside.

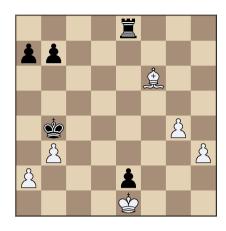
#### 46 **⊈e1 ≜e6**

After this White's dark-squared bishop becomes quite useful. Instead, 46... 全b5 47 全f6 置f7 48 全xg5 全xf3 49 全xh4 全xg4 50 hxg4 置f4 51 全xe2 置xg4 52 全f2 置g6 would still have retained good winning chances.

#### 47 &f6 Ee8 48 &xg5 &xg4 49 fxg4 \$xc5 50 &xh4 \$b4?

White's king fends off its opposite number after 50... 全4 51 全42 when again it looks like it will be a draw, such as after 51... 三e3 52 全f2 e1營+53 全xe1 三xh3 54 全f2+全e4 55 全xa7. However, as indicated by John Shaw on the Quality Chess website, here 51... 三e4! is a surprisingly useful move. After, say, 52 全g3 a6 53 g5 三e3! 54 全f2

#### 51 **≜**f6!



An excellent location for the bishop, assisting its own pawns while covering the queening square on a1.

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At first one might think that Black still has some chances to win, but the reality is that White's king is close enough.

#### 60...b5 61 \$\div e4 a5 62 \$\div d5\$

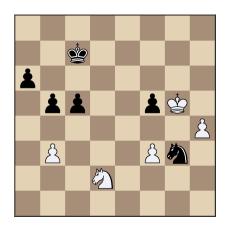
The Scottish Grandmaster chooses a clean path to force the draw. 62 堂d3 would also have done the trick in view of 62...a4 63 皇f6 b4 64 皇e7! a3 65 皇d6 a2 66 皇e5 堂a3 67 堂d2 b3 68 堂c1 (Shaw).

# 62...a4 63 \$c5 b4 64 \$b5 a3 65 \$f6 a2 66 \$a1 \$a3 67 \$c4 b3 \$\chi\_-\chi\_

The pawns most certainly aren't going anywhere after 68 ⊈c3.

As mentioned, Wood Green's main challengers for the top spot in Pool B are Guildford II, who scored a fine 6–2 victory against a slightly below par Barbican I before overcoming Grantham Sharks II 6½–1½. The former match saw Yang-Fan Zhou rather butcher Matthew Turner on top board, while Mark Ferguson missed a study-like win.

# M.Ferguson-D.Smerdon Barbican vs. Guildford II



#### 41 ⊈f4?

Mistakes on move 41 are almost as common as on the notorious move 40, as, indeed, we've already seen in these pages. Now the Australian Grandmaster is able to save himself, which he wouldn't have been able to after 41 h5! ②xh5 (the white knight also halts Black's pawns after 41...c4 42 bxc4 ②xh5 43 望xh5 b4 44 f4 a5 45 望g5 a4 46 望xf5 b3 47 望e6 b2 48 ②b1) 42 望xh5 望d6 43 望g5 堂e5 44 f4+ 堂e6. There's little doubt that Ferguson got to this point in his calculations and couldn't find a win, but one exists: 45 b4!! when Black finds his pawns stymied and White's f-pawn set to queen after 45...cxb4 46 ②b3 or 45...c4 46 ③b1.

#### 41... 2 e2+ 42 \$xf5 \$d7 43 \$e5

Black's king is also just in time after both 43 h5 \$\displays 6 44 h6 \$\displays 7 and 43 \$\displays 6 \$\displays 6 44 h5 \$\displays 64+ 45 \$\displays 7 \displays 7 \displays 7 h5 \$\displays 6 \displays 6 \disp

#### 43...a5 44 \( d\)5 a4!



The simplest way to draw.

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The merger of Sambuca Sharks and Grantham-based Pandora's Box has created quite a strong team, and Grantham Sharks I find themselves lying third in Pool A after victories over Barbican II and Blackthorne Russia. Further down King's Head look doomed, while both Barbican II and Blackthorne will need a minor miracle to avoid landing up in the Relegation Pool (the fate awaiting four teams; the top four sides qualify for the Promotion Pool). Oxford are by no means safe, but should be buoyed by their fine, lengthy victory over Wood Green II.

The main shock in Pool B has been the struggles of White Rose, a team who generally grace the European Club Cup every October. In January the Yorkshiremen found themselves up against Lancastrian opposition in the shape of 3Cs who just edged the match, with MGS schoolboy Andrew Horton the sole winner. However, the very next day the Oldham-based team discovered that a mauling can but inspire a team, as they went down 5½-2½ to a rejuvenated e2e4. No doubt the February 4NCL weekend will lead to further twists and equally unbalanced results – a full report in our April issue.

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